

OVERVIEW OF THE QUALITY OF APPLICATION OF INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS IN UKRAINE

Abstract. *The paper analyzes the issues of implementation of environmental certification in Ukraine according to EU standards. In the EU, environmental certification has become a tool of environmental and economic regulation and stabilization of the use of natural resource balance, which contributes to the development of the economy. In Ukraine, environmental certification is one of the strategic tasks in the field of environmental policy, which will contribute to the enhancement of the products quality and environmental safety.*

Keywords: environmental certification, environmental standards, sustainable development, global coordination.

In today's world, where steel development has become a priority, it is important to include the scope of international standards. These standards are developed as generally accepted norms and principles that help countries and organizations work towards achieving economic, social and environmental sustainability. They create a basis for cooperation at the global level and the development of coherent strategies to ensure sustainable development. Active implementation of international standards is a necessary step to ensure future economic and social stability.

The quality of application of international standards ensures their effectiveness in achieving overall sustainable development. It requires compliance with standards in all aspects of operations, including economic, social and environmental requirements. Qualitative application of standards involves systematic monitoring and evaluation of activity results taking into account important indicators.

However, the process of bringing Ukraine's national legislation closer to EU law faces many obstacles. One problem is that EU legislation and related directives can be interpreted too vaguely and loosely in a national context. In addition, as a rule, there are no official consequences for non-fulfillment of obligations regarding the approximation of national legislation to EU law, since the Agreement does not contain provisions that would relate to Ukraine's membership in the EU, therefore compliance with the requirements of the directives is, in fact, voluntary character for the Ukrainian side, while there are no mechanisms of control and sanctions that apply to EU member states.

Conclusions. Cooperation and coordination at the levels of countries and international organizations are of key importance in the implementation of international standards in the spheres of economy, social aspects and environmental protection. High-quality application of standards leads to balanced development and ensuring the stability of economic, social and environmental systems. Progress in the field of implementation (transposition) of EU directives into Ukrainian legislation largely depends on the presence of auxiliary projects and their coalitions with CSOs.